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Corteva Agriscience[™] encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

product

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	: BLASTER™ PRO
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	: DTJ4-F0X9-U00N-UHDY

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-	:	End use herbicide
stance/Mixture		

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Manufacturer/importer Corteva Agriscience UK Ltd CPC2 CAPITAL PARK FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information	:	+44 8006 89 8899
Number		
E-mail address	:	SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

SGS +32 3 575 55 55 OR

+44 161 88 41235

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. ™ ® Trademarks of Corteva Agriscience and its affiliated companies.

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Serio Skin	irritation, Category 2 ous eye damage, Categ sensitisation, Sub-cate cific target organ toxicity	gory 1B	H315: Causes skin irritation. H318: Causes serious eye damage. H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
posu syste Spee	ure, Category 3, Central	nervous - single ex-	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Spec expo	cific target organ toxicity osure, Category 2 ration hazard, Category	- repeated	H373: May cause damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure. H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air- ways.
Shoi gory	rt-term (acute) aquatic h 1	azard, Cate-	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long	g-term (chronic) aquatic y 1	hazard, Cat-	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Hazard pictograms :	
Signal word :	Danger
Hazard statements :	 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements :	 Prevention: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection. Response: P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if pre-

sent and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

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POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposalcontractor or collection site except for empty clean containers whichcan be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide clopyralid (ISO)

Additional Labelling

EUH401

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		
Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester	64700-56-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302	32.41
	265-024-8	Skin Sens. 1B;	
		H317	
		STOT RE 2; H373	
		(Kidney)	
		Aquatic Acute 1;	
		H400	



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rsion		SDS Number: 300080004765	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 14.11.2023	3
			Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	
clopy	ralid (ISO)	1702-17-6 216-935-4 607-231-00-	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 1;	5.83
Hydro	ocarbons, C9, aromatics	128601-23-0 918-668-5 01-21194558	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 40 - < 50
dimet	tion mass of N,N- hyldecan-1-amide and N,N hyloctanamide	Not Assigned 909-125-3 01-21199741	Eye Dam. 1; H318	>= 3 - < 10
	enesulfonic acid, mono-C1 hed alkyl derivs., calcium		Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 2.5 - < 3
	ocarbons, C10, aromatics, thalene	<1% 1189173-42- 918-811-1 01-21194635 0008, 01- 2119463583 0009, 01- 2119463583 0010	-34- (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 1 - < 2.5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

:

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection).

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			r exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific ective equipment.	
If inhaled		emergency re ration; if by m mask etc). Ca advice. If breathing is	emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial resp ration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatme	
In cas	e of skin contact	plenty of wate or doctor for Wash clothin which cannot properly.	aminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and er for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center creatment advice. g before reuse. Shoes and other leather items be decontaminated should be disposed of rgency safety shower facility should be available	
In cas	e of eye contact	20 minutes. F minutes, ther	en and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control tor for treatment advice.	
lf swa	llowed	induce vomiti or doctor. Do	call a poison control center or doctor. Do not ng unless told to do so by a poison control center not give any liquid to the person. Do not give nouth to an unconscious person.	

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment	 Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis
	Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

	Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
	Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	:	During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi- tion to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon oxides
5.3	Advice for firefighters		
	Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec- essary. Use personal protective equipment.
	Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
	Further information	:	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	: Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
6.2 Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	 If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.



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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-
Methods for oleaning up	ant.
	Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis- posal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in.
	For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate contain-
	ment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can
	be pumped,
	Recovered material should be stored in a vented container.
	The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction
	with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over- pressurization of the container.
	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
	Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).
	Neutralize with chalk, alkali solution or ammonia.
	See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor- mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handlir	ng	
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not breathe vapours/dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap- plication area. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	, incl	uding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Store in a closed container. Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Advice on common storage	:	Do not store near acids. Strong oxidizing agents
Packaging material	:	Unsuitable material: None known.
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	:	Plant protection products subject to Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Triclopyr-2-	64700-56-7	Time Weighted	2 mg/m3	Dow IHG
butoxyethyl ester		Average (TWA):	5	
clopyralid (ISO)	1702-17-6	Time weighted	10 mg/m3	Dow IHG
		average		

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guide-lines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Hand protection	Use chemical goggles.
Remarks :	Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
Skin and body protection :	Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.
Respiratory protection :	Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten- tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-

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contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance Liquid. Colour Yellow 5 Odour 2 Aromatic Odour Threshold No data available 5 2.04 (20 °C) pН 1 Method: pH Electrode (neat) Melting point/range : Not applicable Freezing point No data available Boiling point/boiling range No data available Flash point 55.1 °C • Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93, closed cup No data available Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable to liquids Upper explosion limit / Upper No data available 1 flammability limit Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available flammability limit Vapour pressure No data available ÷ Relative vapour density No data available 5 Relative density No data available ÷ Density 1.03 g/mL ٠ Solubility(ies) Water solubility emulsifiable Auto-ignition temperature No data available 2 Viscosity No data available Viscosity, dynamic ÷

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9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: S	table under recommended storage conditions.
	N	o hazards to be specially mentioned.
	Ν	ay form explosive dust-air mixture.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	: None known.
---------------------	---------------

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : None.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:

Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): 803 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 4.8 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: The LC50 value is greater than the Maximum Attainable Concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity

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Acut	Acute dermal toxicity		 LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute d toxicity 			
clop	yralid (ISO):					
Acut	e oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,0	00 mg/kg		
Acut	e inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration., LC50 value is greater than the Maximum Attainable C tration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute i tion toxicity			
Acut	e dermal toxicity	:		2,000 mg/kg eaths occurred at this concentration. substance or mixture has no acute dermal		
Hvd	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic Acute oral toxicity					
-			LD50 (Rat): 3,500) mg/kg		
hazardous on s May cause res depression. Symptoms may		hazardous on sin May cause respir depression. Symptoms may ir	concentrations are attainable which could be gle exposure. atory irritation and central nervous system include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, coordination and unconsciousness.			
			LC50 (Rat): > 10. Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere: Assessment: The tion toxicity	h		
Acut	e dermal toxicity	:	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute de toxicity			
Rea	Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dAcute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/k		decan-1-amide ar	nd N.N-dimethyloctanamide:		
Acut	e inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 3.551 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala- tion toxicity			

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg						
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:						
Acute	Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD 401 or equivalent Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral to icity Remarks: For similar material(s):					
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 1,000 - < 1,600 mg/kg Method: OECD 402 or equivalent Remarks: For similar material(s):						
Hydro	ocarbons, C10, arom	atics,	<1% naphthale	ne:		
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: For similar material(s):						
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inha tion toxicity Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration.				4 h e: vapour ne substance or mixture has no acute inhala- milar material(s):		
Acute	e dermal toxicity	:	toxicity	> 2,000 mg/kg le substance or mixture has no acute dermal milar material(s):		
Skin corrosion/irritation						
<u>Com</u>	ponents:					
	<u>ponents:</u> ppyr-2-butoxyethyl e	ster:				
Triclo Speci	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e	:	Rabbit			
Triclo	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e	ster:	Rabbit No skin irritatior	1		
Tricic Speci Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e	:		1		
Tricic Speci Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e ies It ocarbons, C9, aroma	:				
Tricle Speci Resul Hydre Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e ies It ocarbons, C9, aroma It	tics:	No skin irritation	1		
Triclo Speci Resul Hydro Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e ies It ocarbons, C9, aroma It tion mass of N,N-din	tics:	No skin irritation			
Tricle Speci Resul Hydre Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e les lt ocarbons, C9, aroma lt tion mass of N,N-din	tics:	No skin irritation No skin irritation decan-1-amide a	1		
Triclo Speci Resul Hydro Resul Speci Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e ies lt ocarbons, C9, aroma lt tion mass of N,N-din ies lt	ntics: nethyl	No skin irritation No skin irritation decan-1-amide a Rabbit Skin irritation	1		
Triclo Speci Resul Hydro Resul Speci Resul	opyr-2-butoxyethyl e ies It ocarbons, C9, aroma It tion mass of N,N-din ies It enesulfonic acid, mo	ntics: nethyl	No skin irritation No skin irritation decan-1-amide a Rabbit Skin irritation	and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:		

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Senous eye damage/eye initation					
Components:					
Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester:					
Species :	Rabbit				
Result :	No eye irritation				
clopyralid (ISO):					
Species :	Rabbit				
Result :	Corrosive				
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:					
Result :	No eye irritation				
Reaction mass of N,N-dimethy	Idecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:				
Species :	Rabbit				
Result :	Corrosive				
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C	C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:				
Result :	Corrosive				
Respiratory or skin sensitisati	on				
Product:					
Test Type :	Local lymph node assay				
Species :	Mouse				
Assessment :	The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.				
Method :	OECD Test Guideline 429				
Components:					
Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester:					
Species :	Guinea pig				
Assessment :	The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.				
clopyralid (ISO):					
Species :	Guinea pig				
Assessment :	Does not cause skin sensitisation.				
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:					
Assessment	Does not cause skin sensitisation.				
Remarks :	For similar material(s):				
	Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea				
	pigs.				



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R	Remarks		:	For respiratory se No relevant data f	
R	Reactio	n mass of N,N-dime	thyl	decan-1-amide an	d N,N-dimethyloctanamide:
	Species		:	Guinea pig	
	kssessr Remark		:	Does not cause sl For similar materia	
В	Benzen	esulfonic acid, mon	o-C′	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:
R	Remark	S	:	For skin sensitizat For similar materia Did not cause alle pigs.	
R	Remark	S	:	For respiratory se No relevant data f	
н	lydroca	arbons, C10, aromat	ics,	<1% naphthalene	:
R	Remarks		:	For similar materia Did not cause alle pigs.	al(s): rgic skin reactions when tested in guinea
R			:	For respiratory se No relevant data f	
G	Germ cell mutagenicity				
<u>c</u>	Compo	nents:			
т	riclopy	/r-2-butoxyethyl este	er:		
	Germ ce	, and a germany into	:	In vitro genetic tox toxicity studies we	kicity studies were negative., Animal genetic ere negative.
с	lopyra	lid (ISO):			
	Germ ce	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:	In vitro genetic tox toxicity studies we	kicity studies were negative., Animal genetic are negative.
н	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic				
	Germ ce essmei	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:	In vitro genetic to toxicity studies we	kicity studies were negative., Animal genetic ere negative.
R	Reactio	n mass of N,N-dime	thyl	decan-1-amide an	d N,N-dimethyloctanamide:
	Germ ce essme	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:	In vitro genetic to	kicity studies were negative.
В	Benzen	esulfonic acid, mon	o-C′	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:
	Germ ce essmei	ell mutagenicity- As- nt	:		al(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were genetic toxicity studies were negative.

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Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics	s, <1% naphthalene:
Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : sessment	For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Components:	
Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester:	
Carcinogenicity - Assess- : ment	For similar active ingredient(s)., Triclopyr., Did not cause can- cer in laboratory animals.
clopyralid (ISO):	
Carcinogenicity - Assess- : ment	Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:	
Carcinogenicity - Assess- : ment	Xylene was not found to be carcinogenic in a National Toxi- cology Program bioassay in rats and mice.
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics	s, <1% naphthalene:
Carcinogenicity - Assess- : ment	Contains naphthalene which has caused cancer in some la- boratory animals., However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown.
Reproductive toxicity	
Components:	
Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester:	
Reproductive toxicity - As- : sessment	For similar active ingredient(s)., Triclopyr., In laboratory ani- mal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.
clopyralid (ISO):	
Reproductive toxicity - As- : sessment	In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. Clopyralid caused birth defects in test animals, but only at greatly exaggerated doses that were severely toxic to the mothers. No birth defects were observed in animals given clopyralid at doses several times greater than those expected during normal exposure.
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:	
Reproductive toxicity - As- : sessment	In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to

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the parent animals. Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at de producing severe toxicity in the mother. Exagerated do of xylene given orally to pregnant mice resulted in an incinc in cleft palate, a common developmental abnormality in 1 In animal inhalation studies, xylene caused toxicity to the but did not cause birth defects. Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide: Reproductive toxicity - As-sessment For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts: Reproductive toxicity - As-sessment Reproductive toxicity - As-sessment For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene: For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory Tract Assessment May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Components: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Diraction for available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Assessment Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. <	sion	Revision Date: 14.11.2023		S Number: 0080004765	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 14.11.2023
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts: Reproductive toxicity - Assessment For similar material(s):, In animal studies, did not interferre reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:				Has caused birth producing sever of xylene given of in cleft palate, a In animal inhalat	n defects in laboratory animals only at doses e toxicity in the mother., Exaggerated doses orally to pregnant mice resulted in an increase common developmental abnormality in mice. ion studies, xylene caused toxicity to the fetus
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts: Reproductive toxicity - Assessment For similar material(s):, In animal studies, did not interferer reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:	Reactio	on mass of N.N-dim	ethyle	decan-1-amide a	nd N,N-dimethyloctanamide:
Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment : For similar material(s):, In animal studies, did not interfer reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene: Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment : In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure : In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure : In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure : Nanimal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Stot : : Inhalation Target Organs Assessment : Exposure routes : : Inhalation Assessment Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Components: : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Clopyralid (ISO): Assessment : Evaluation o	Reprod	luctive toxicity - As-	-	For similar mate	rial(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment For similar material(s):, In animal studies, did not interfere reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:	Benzer	nesulfonic acid. mo	no-C1	1-13-branched a	alkyl derivs., calcium salts:
Reproductive toxicity - As- sessment In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure Product: Exposure routes Exposure routes Inhalation Target Organs Target Organs Respiratory Tract May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure routes Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Components: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester: Assessment Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Clopyralid (ISO): Assessment Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	Reprod	luctive toxicity - As-		For similar mate reproduction. For similar mate	rial(s):, In animal studies, did not interfere with rial(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any
sessment For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or an other fetal effects in laboratory animals. STOT - single exposure Product: Exposure routes : Inhalation Target Organs : Respiratory Tract Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure routes : Inhalation Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure routes : Inhalation Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Components: Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester: Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. clopyralid (ISO): Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	Hydroc	carbons, C10, aroma	atics,	<1% naphthaler	e:
Product: Exposure routes : Inhalation Target Organs : Respiratory Tract Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure routes : Inhalation Assessment : Inhalation Assessment : Inhalation Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Components: : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester: : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Clopyralid (ISO): : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.			For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects o		rial(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any
Exposure routes:InhalationTarget Organs:Respiratory TractAssessment:May cause respiratory irritation.Exposure routes:InhalationAssessment:May cause drowsiness or dizziness.Components::May cause drowsiness or dizziness.Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester::Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.clopyralid (ISO)::Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	STOT - single exposure				
Target Organs:Respiratory TractAssessment:May cause respiratory irritation.Exposure routes:InhalationAssessment:May cause drowsiness or dizziness.Components::May cause drowsiness or dizziness.Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester::Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.Clopyralid (ISO)::Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	Produc	<u>st:</u>			
Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Components: : : Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester: : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Clopyralid (ISO): : : Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Clopyralid (ISO): : : Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	Target	Organs	:	Respiratory Trac	
Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl ester: Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. clopyralid (ISO): Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. state : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	•		:		siness or dizziness.
Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. clopyralid (ISO): . Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. clopyralid (ISO): . Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	Compo	onents:			
Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. clopyralid (ISO): : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant. Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.			ter.		
Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	-	• • •	:		
Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is an STOT-SE toxicant.	clopyra	alid (ISO):			
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:	•••	. ,	:		
	Hydroc	carbons, C9. aromat	ics:		
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness dizziness.	-		:		ratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or



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React	ion mass of N,N-dir	nethyldecan-1-amide	and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:			
	ure routes	: Inhalation				
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.						
Benze	enesulfonic acid, m	ono-C11-13-branched	alkyl derivs., calcium salts:			
Asses	sment	: Available data specific target	are inadequate to determine single exposur organ toxicity.			
Hydro	carbons, C10, aron	natics, <1% naphthale	ne:			
Expos	ure routes	: Inhalation				
Asses	sment	: May cause dro	wsiness or dizziness.			
стот	- repeated exposur	e				
<u>Comp</u>	onents:					
Triclo	pyr-2-butoxyethyl e	ster:				
•	t Organs	: Kidney				
Asses	sment	: May cause dar exposure.	nage to organs through prolonged or repeat			
Repea	ated dose toxicity					
<u>Comp</u>	onents:					
clopy	ralid (ISO):					
Remai	rks		able data, repeated exposures are not antic additional significant adverse effects.			
Hydro	carbons, C9, aroma	atics:				
Rema	rks	: In animals, effe	ects have been reported on the following or-			
		gans:	-			
		Blood.				
		Kidney. Liver.				
		-	ted to have caused hearing loss in laborato			
		animals upon e	exposure to high concentrations; such effect			
			reported in humans.			
		For the minor of	component(s):			
		Cumene. Eye.				
Poort	ion mass of N N dir	nothyldocon-1-amida	and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:			
Remai		: For similar mat				
		Based on avail	able data, repeated exposures are not antic			
			significant adverse effects.			

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	Remarks		:	: For similar material(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following o gans: Kidney.			
	Hydro	carbons, C10, aroma	tics	<1% naphthalen	e:		
	Remar	ks	:	: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.			
	Aspira	tion toxicity					
	<u>Produ</u> May be	ct: a fatal if swallowed an	d en	ers airways.			
	Comp	onents:					
	-	oyr-2-butoxyethyl es on physical properties		t likely to be an as	piration hazard.		
	clopyr	alid (ISO):					
	Based	on physical properties	s, no	t likely to be an as	piration hazard.		
	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.						
	Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.						
	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.						
	Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.						
SEC	TION	12: Ecological info	orma	ition			
12.1	Toxici	tv					
	Produ	-					
	Toxicity to fish		:		al is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an 50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most stested).		
				LC50 (Oncorhyn Exposure time: 9 Test Type: flow-1			

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			Method: OECD Te	est Guideline 203
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates		EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202	
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants		ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 Test Type: static t Method: OECD Te	2 h rest
			ErC50 (Myriophyll Exposure time: 14	lum spicatum): 0.190 mg/l ł d
			NOEC (Myriophyl Exposure time: 14	lum spicatum): 0.0305 mg/l ł d
Toxic ganis	ity to soil dwelling or- ms	:	LC50: 224 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 Species: Eisenia f	ł d fetida (earthworms)
Toxic isms	Toxicity to terrestrial organ- isms			l is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis 01 and 2000 mg/kg).
			oral LD50: 1156 n Exposure time: 14 Species: Colinus GLP:yes	
			oral LD50: > 370 Exposure time: 48 Species: Apis mel	3 ĥ
			contact LD50: > 4 Exposure time: 48 Species: Apis mel	3 h
	oxicology Assessment	:	Very toxic to aqua	atic life.
	nic aquatic toxicity	:		tic life with long lasting effects.
<u>Com</u>	ponents:			
Triclo	opyr-2-butoxyethyl este	er:		
	ity to fish	:	LC50 (Lepomis m Exposure time: 96 Test Type: flow-th	



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		r to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.9 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202		
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants		:	ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 96 Method: OECD Te	5 h	
				ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0473 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d		
				NOEC (Myriophyll Exposure time: 14	lum spicatum): 0.00722 mg/l d	
	M-Facto icity)	or (Acute aquatic tox-	:	10		
	Toxicity icity)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: 0.0263 mg Species: Rainbow	g/l trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)		:	NOEC: 1.6 mg/l End point: numbe Exposure time: 21 Species: Daphnia		
				LOEC: 5.1 mg/l End point: numbe Exposure time: 21 Species: Daphnia		
				End point: numbe Exposure time: 21		
		or (Chronic aquatic	:	10		
	toxicity) Toxicity ganism	to soil dwelling or-	:	LC50: > 1,042 mg Exposure time: 14 Species: Eisenia f		
	Toxicity isms	to terrestrial organ-	:	oral LD50: 735 mg Exposure time: 21 Species: Colinus y		
				dietary LC50: 189 Exposure time: 8 Species: Colinus v		
				oral LD50: > 110 Exposure time: 48		

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				End point: mortalit Species: Apis mel	
				contact LD50: > 1 Exposure time: 48 End point: mortalit Species: Apis mel	sh Sy
	clopyra	lid (ISO):			
	Toxicity		:	LC50 (Oncorhync Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t	
				NOEC (Lepomis r Exposure time: 96	nacrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 102 mg/l i h
		to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48 Test Type: static t	
	Toxicity plants	to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 96	
				ErC50 (Myriophyll Exposure time: 14	um spicatum): > 3 mg/l · d
				NOEC (Myriophyll Exposure time: 14	um spicatum): 0.0089 mg/l · d
	Toxicity	to microorganisms	:	(Bacteria): > 100	mg/l
	Toxicity icity)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: 10.8 mg/l End point: Other Exposure time: 34 Species: Pimepha Method: OECD Te	les promelas (fathead minnow)
		to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- y)	:	Test Type: static t	magna (Water flea)
		or (Chronic aquatic	:	10	
	toxicity) Toxicity ganisms	to soil dwelling or- S	:	LC50: > 1,000 mg Exposure time: 14 End point: surviva Species: Eisenia f	d

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	Toxicity to terrestrial organ- isms		:	oral LD50: 1465 n Species: Anas pla	ng/kg bodyweight. tyrhynchos (Mallard duck)
				dietary LC50: > 50 Species: Anas pla	000 mg/kg diet. tyrhynchos (Mallard duck)
				oral LD50: > 100 r Exposure time: 48 End point: mortalin Species: Apis mel	3 h ty
				contact LD50: > 9 Species: Apis mel	8.1 micrograms/bee lifera (bees)
E	Ecotoxi	cology Assessment			
		uatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic lif	e.
(Chronic	aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aqua	tic life with long lasting effects.
ŀ	Hydroca	rbons, C9, aromatic	s:		
7	Toxicity 1	to fish	:		I is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on C50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the ecies tested).
				Exposure time: 96 Test Type: static t	
		to daphnia and other nvertebrates	:	LC50 (saltwater m Exposure time: 96	nysid Mysidopsis bahia): 2.0 mg/l 5 h
	Toxicity foliants	to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l Exposure time: 72 Remarks: For sim	
	Toxicity 1 sms	to terrestrial organ-	:	basis (LD50 > 200	ally non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis
				dietary LC50: > 68 Exposure time: 8 Species: Colinus	
				Exposure time: 21	mg/kg bodyweight. d virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

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	Ecotoxicology Assessment Chronic aquatic toxicity		:	Toxic to aquatic lif	e with long lasting effects.
	eaction		-		d N,N-dimethyloctanamide: (zebra fish)): 14.8 mg/l 5 h
		to daphnia and other nvertebrates	:	LC50 (Daphnia ma Exposure time: 48	agna (Water flea)): 7.7 mg/l h
	oxicity f lants	to algae/aquatic	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h	
		cology Assessment juatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic lif	e.
	Genzene Toxicity 1		b-C 1 :	Remarks: Materia acute basis (LC50 most sensitive spe	Brachydanio rerio)): 31.6 mg/l h
		to daphnia and other nvertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48	agna (Water flea)): 62 mg/l ⊧ h
	oxicity f lants	to algae/aquatic	:	ErC50 (Selenastru End point: Growth Exposure time: 96 Remarks: For sim	5 h
Т	oxicity 1	to microorganisms	:	EC50 (activated s End point: Respira Exposure time: 3 I Remarks: For sim	ation rates.
	oxicity f city)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	: NOEC: 0.23 mg/l End point: survival Exposure time: 72 d Species: Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri) Remarks: For similar material(s):	
а		to daphnia and other nvertebrates (Chron- /)	:		



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H	ydroc	arbons, C10, aromat	ics,	<1% naphthalene	::
Т	oxicity	to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhync Exposure time: 96 Remarks: For sim	
		to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna): 3 - 10 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Remarks: For similar material(s):	
	oxicity lants	to algae/aquatic	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 11 r Exposure time: 72 h Remarks: For similar material(s):	
E	cotox	icology Assessment			
		aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic li	fe with long lasting effects.
12.2 P	ersist	ence and degradabil	ity		
<u>C</u>	ompo	nents:			
Т	riclop	yr-2-butoxyethyl este	er:		
		adability	:	Result: Not readily Biodegradation: Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD To Remarks: 10-day	18 % 3 d est Guideline 301B or Equivalent
		nical Oxygen De-	:	0.004 kg/kg	
	hand (E hOD	30D)	:	1.39 kg/kg	
Si	tability	in water	:	Test Type: Hydro Degradation half I pH: 7	lysis ife (half-life): 8.7 d (25 °C)
PI	hotode	egradation	:	Rate constant: 2.3 Method: Estimate	
cl	lopyra	llid (ISO):			
		adability	:	Biodegradation: 5 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD To Remarks: 10-day	3 d est Guideline 301B or Equivalent
	iochen nand (E	nical Oxygen De- 3OD)	:	0 mg/g 0 % Incubation time: 2	20 d
		al Oxygen Demand	:	0.73 kg/kg	
	COD) hOD		:	0.71 kg/kg	

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Stabilit	Stability in water		Test Type: Hydrolysis pH: 4 - 9 Method: Stable			
Photoc	legradation	: Test Type: H	alf-life (direct photolysis)			
Hydro	carbons, C9, aromati	cs:				
-	Biodegradability :		Remarks: For the major component(s): Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%). For some component(s): Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is low (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD between 2.5 and 10%). Result: Not biodegradable			
Reacti	on mass of N N-dime	thyldecan-1-amid	le and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:			
	Biodegradability :		aterial is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD ady biodegradability.			
		Biodegradati Exposure tim Method: OE0				
Chemi (COD)	cal Oxygen Demand	: 2.890 mg/g				
Benze	nesulfonic acid, mon	o-C11-13-branche	11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:			
Biodeg	ıradability					
Hydro	carbons, C10, aroma	tics, <1% naphtha	lene:			
Biodeg	radability		terial is inherently biodegradable (reaches > adation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegrada-			
12.3 Bioaco	cumulative potential					
Comp	onents:					
Triclop	oyr-2-butoxyethyl est	er:				
Bioacc	umulation	: Species: Fish Bioconcentra	n tion factor (BCF): 110			
Partitic octano	on coefficient: n- I/water	: log Pow: 4.62 pH: 7 Remarks: Bio	2 pconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-			

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				tween 100 and 30	000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).		
	clopyralid (ISO): Bioaccumulation		:	Species: Fish Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 1 Method: Measured			
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	log Pow: -2.63 Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Pow < 3).			
	-	carbons, C9, aromation n coefficient: n- l/water	:	Bioconcentration 3000 or Log Pow For the minor con	major component(s): potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and between 3 and 5). nponent(s): potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).		
		n coefficient: n-	thyl :	 hyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide: log Pow: < 3.44 (20 °C) Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). 			
	Benze	nesulfonic acid, mon	o-C'	11-13-branched al	kyl derivs., calcium salts:		
		n coefficient: n-	efficient: n- : log Pow: 4.6 Per Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 of		est Guideline 107 or Equivalent centration potential is moderate (BCF be-		
	Hydrod	carbons, C10, aromat	ics.	<1% naphthalene	r		
	•	n coefficient: n-	:	Remarks: No data For similar materi	a available for this product. al(s): potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow		
12.4	Mobili	ty in soil					
	Compo	onents:					
	Triclop	oyr-2-butoxyethyl este	er:				
	Distribu	ution among environ- compartments	:	possible due to ve For the degradation Triclopyr.	tion of meaningful sorption data was not ery rapid degradation in the soil. on product: lity in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and		

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Stabi	lity in soil	:	Test Type: aerob Dissipation time:		
clopy	/ralid (ISO):				
	bution among environ- al compartments	:	Koc: 4.9 Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be- tween 0 and 50).		
Stabi	lity in soil	:	Test Type: aerobic degradation Dissipation time: 71 d Method: Estimated.		
Hydr	ocarbons, C9, aromati	cs:			
	bution among environ- al compartments	:	Remarks: No rele	vant data found.	
Reac	tion mass of N,N-dime	thy	decan-1-amide ar	nd N,N-dimethyloctanamide:	
	bution among environ- al compartments	:		al for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500	
Benz	enesulfonic acid, mon	o-C	11-13-branched a	kyl derivs., calcium salts:	
Distri	bution among environ- al compartments			•	
Hydr	ocarbons, C10, aromat	tics,	cs, <1% naphthalene:		
	bution among environ- al compartments	:	: Remarks: No relevant data found.		
12.5 Resu	llts of PBT and vPvB a	sse	ssment		
Prod	uct:				
-	ssment	:	to be either persis	ixture contains no components considered stent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or ind very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of	
Com	ponents:				
Triclo	opyr-2-butoxyethyl est	er:			
Asse	ssment	:	lating and toxic (F	not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu- PBT) This substance is not considered to be ad very bioaccumulating (vPvB).	
clopy	/ralid (ISO):				
	ssment	:	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccume lating and toxic (PBT) This substance is not considered to b very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).		
Hydr	ocarbons, C9, aromati	cs:			
-	ssment	:	This substance h cumulation and to	as not been assessed for persistence, bioac- oxicity (PBT).	



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Rea	ction mass of N,N-dime	thyldecan-1-amide	and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:				
Asse	essment	lating and toxi	: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu- lating and toxic (PBT) This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).				
Ben	zenesulfonic acid, mon	o-C11-13-branche	d alkyl derivs., calcium salts:				
Asse	essment	lating and toxi	e is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu- c (PBT) This substance is not considered to be t and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).				
Hyd	rocarbons, C10, aroma	tics, <1% naphthal	ene:				
Asse	essment	lating and toxi	e is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu- c (PBT) This substance is not considered to be t and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).				
12.6 Othe	er adverse effects						
Proc	luct:						
Endo tial	ocrine disrupting poten-	ered to have e REACH Article	e/mixture does not contain components consid- indocrine disrupting properties according to a 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation 00 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at or higher.				
Com	ponents:						
Tricl	opyr-2-butoxyethyl est	er:					
Ozoi	ne-Depletion Potential		s substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list that deplete the ozone layer.				
clop	yralid (ISO):						
Ozoi	ne-Depletion Potential		s substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list that deplete the ozone layer.				
Hyd	rocarbons, C9, aromati	cs:					
Ozoi	ne-Depletion Potential		s substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list that deplete the ozone layer.				
Rea	ction mass of N,N-dime	ethyldecan-1-amide	and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:				
Ozoi	ne-Depletion Potential		s substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list that deplete the ozone layer.				
Benz	zenesulfonic acid, mon	o-C11-13-branche	d alkyl derivs., calcium salts:				
Ozoi	ne-Depletion Potential		substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list that deplete the ozone layer.				



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Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number				
ADR	:	UN 1993		
RID	:	UN 1993		
IMDG	:	UN 1993		
ΙΑΤΑ	:	UN 1993		
14.2 UN proper shipping name				
ADR	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID (Hydrocarbons, C9, a		
RID	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics)		
IMDG	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, Triclopyr-2-butoxyethyl Ester, Clopyralid)		
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics)		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				
		Class	Subsidiary risks	
ADR	:	3		



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				-	
	RID		:	3	
	IMDG		:	3	
	ΙΑΤΑ		:	3	
14.4	Packir	ng group			
	ADR				
		g group	:	III	
	Classification Code Hazard Identification Number		:	F1	
			:	30	
	Labels		:	3	
		restriction code	:	(D/E)	
	RID				
		g group ication Code	÷	III F1	
		Identification Number	:	30	
	Labels		:	3	
			•	0	
	IMDG Packin	g group			
	Labels		:	3	
	EmS C		÷	Б-Е, <u>S-Е</u>	
	Remar		:	Stowage categor	уА
	ΙΑΤΑ (Cargo)			
	Packing instruction (cargo		:	366	
	aircraft				
		g instruction (LQ)	:	Y344	
		g group	:	<u> </u>	
	Labels		:	Flammable Liquid	
		Passenger)			
		g instruction (passen-	:	355	
	ger air	g instruction (LQ)	:	Y344	
		g group	:	 	
	Labels		÷	Flammable Liquid	ds
14.5 Environmental hazards					
		nmentally hazardous		VAS	
		internally nazaruous	•	yes	
	RID	an antally be set of the	_		
	Environmentally hazardous		:	yes	
	IMDG			/ 	
	Marine	pollutant	:	yes(Triclopyr-2-b	utoxyethyl Ester, Clopyralid)
14.6	Specia	al precautions for use	r		

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	:	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retain Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Bri ain)		Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de plete the ozone layer)- :	Not applicable
UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	n :	Not applicable
Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the Euro- pean Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.	FL	AMMABLE LIQUIDS
E1	E١	VVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Registration Number : 19937

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

The substance is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. : : Harmful if swallowed. H302 H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 : Harmful in contact with skin. H315 : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye damage. H318 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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H411		: Toxic to aqua	atic life with long lasting effects.			
Full	text of other abbrevia	ations				
Acute Aqua Aqua Asp. Eye I Flam Skin Skin StrO STO Dow Dow Dow Dow ADR Amei EmS	e Tox. ttic Acute ttic Chronic Tox. Dam. . Liq. Irrit. Sens. T RE T SE IHG IHG / TWA IHG / TWA IHG / TWA - Agreement concerning trican Society for the T - Emergency Schedu	: Acute toxicity : Short-term (a : Long-term (c : Aspiration ha : Serious eye : Flammable li : Skin irritation : Skin sensitis : Specific targ : Dow Industri : Time Weight : Time weight esting of Materials; E le; ErCx - Concentral	 Acute toxicity Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard Aspiration hazard Serious eye damage Flammable liquids Skin irritation Skin sensitisation Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline Time Weighted Average (TWA): Time weighted average g the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; ASTM - sting of Materials; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; 			
	U	-	System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air			

EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - not otherwise specified; NOEC - Non-Observed Effective Concentration; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN -United Nations.

Further information				
Classification of the	e mixture:	Classification procedure:		
Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment		
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method		
Eye Dam. 1	H318	Calculation method		
Skin Sens. 1B	H317	Based on product data or assessment		
STOT SE 3	H336	Based on product data or assessment		
STOT SE 3	H335	Based on product data or assessment		
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method		
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment		
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Based on product data or assessment		
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Based on product data or assessment		

Product code: GF-1652

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